

### **Horizon Research**

## **Fast-Track Approvals Bill Survey**

August 2024

**Prepared for** 

Greenpeace



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#### **Executive Summary**

#### **Approach**

These results are from a Horizon Research survey conducted between 9<sup>th</sup> and 14<sup>th</sup> August 2024. The total sample size was 1,080 adults, 18 years of age and over.

The maximum margin of error is ±3% (at the 95% confidence level).

The data was weighted on age, ethnicity, personal income, region and party vote 2023.

#### **Summary**

#### **Fast-track Approvals Bill**

55% (2,141,000 adults) had heard of the Fast-track Approvals Bill.

• 35% (1,353,000 adults) said they had not heard of it, which was a significant drop from 42% in May 2024.

52% of people under 35 years had not heard of the bill. A significant drop from 70% in May 2024.

There has been some change in opinion on the Fast-track Approvals Bill.

- 30% (1,167,000 adults) think the Fast-track Approvals Bill is a good idea, a significant drop from 34% in May
- 40% (1,562,000 adults) think it is a bad idea
- **30%** (1,140,000 adults) were not sure.

The biggest concern about the Fast-track Approvals Bill was that *activities that are currently prohibited* (like dumping raw sewage into the ocean) could be allowed – **80%** were very concerned/concerned (3,100,000 adults).

The second biggest concern for **70%** (2,694,000 adults) was members of the public will not have the right to have a say on fast-tracked developments proposed for their community.

**Of least concern**, on a list of aspects of the bill, was the bill does not require developers to consider Te Tiriti o Waitangi. **48%** (1,836,000 adults) were concerned about it.



Are you concerned or not concerned about these aspects of the Fast-track Approvals Bill?	Very concerned/concerned	Not concerned/not concerned at all
Members of the public will not have the right to have a say on fast-tracked developments proposed for their community.	70%	23%
Activities that are currently prohibited (like dumping raw sewage into the ocean) could be allowed.	80%	14%
Developments that have been stopped in the Supreme Court (like seabed mining in a blue whale habitat) could be allowed to go ahead.	67%	24%
Three Ministers will have the power to decide on development projects, with few checks and balances.	67%	25%
The bill does not require developers to consider Te Tiriti o Waitangi.	48%	44%
It could create a risk that commercial interests, some of whom have made donations to political parties and MPs, may influence development decisions.	67%	25%

#### **Seabed mining in South Taranaki Bight**

63% (2,439,000 adults) were concerned about the possibility of seabed mining in the South Taranaki Bight.



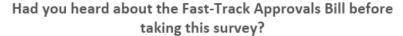
#### Report

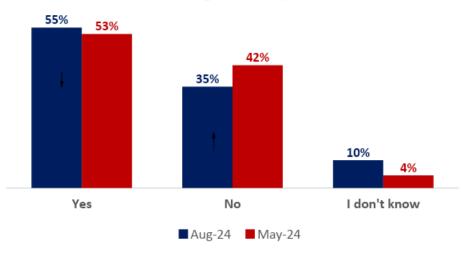
#### 1. Fast-track Approvals Bill

#### **Awareness of the Fast-Track Approvals Bill**

**55%** (2,141,000 adults) had heard of the Fast-track Approvals Bill. **35%** (1,353,000 adults) said they had not heard of it, which was a significant drop from **42%** in May 2024.

There was a significant increase from 4% to 10% who said they didn't know.





Total sample May 2024 n=1,059; August 2024 n=1,079

 $\uparrow\downarrow$  Significant change from May 2024.



The table below shows the people who are significantly more likely to have heard or not heard about the Bill.

Heard about Fast-track Approvals Bill 55%		Haven't heard about Fast-track A 35%	pprovals Bill
55+ year olds	78%	Under 35 year olds	52%
Males	66%	Females	41%
Personal income \$70k-\$100k	63%	Personal income less than \$50k	46%
Personal income \$100k-\$150k	76%	Personal income \$50k-\$70k	48%
Personal income more than \$150k	77%	Household income less than \$20k	49%
Personal income \$100k-\$150k	68%	Household income \$50k-\$70k	48%
Household income more than \$150k	68%	Asian	62%
NZ European/Pākehā	65%	Indian	53%
·		Pasifika	50%



There are also significant differences of awareness of the Bill among voters.

		PARTY VOTE 2023								
Had you heard about the Fast-track Approvals Bill before taking this survey?	ALL	ACT New Zealan d	Green Party	Labour Party	Nationa I Party	New Zealan d First	Te Pāti Māori			
Yes	55%	70%	76%	57%	63%	65%	56%			
No	35%	25%	19%	35%	29%	32%	31%			
I don't know	10%	5%	5%	8%	8%	3%	14%			
N (unweighted)	1,079	91	151	259	348	54	34			

BLUE = significantly higher than total sample RED = significantly lower than total sample

#### What do people think of the Fast-track Approvals Bill?

Respondents were told.

The Fast-Track Approvals Bill is a draft law now being considered by Parliament.

If it becomes law in its current form, it will allow some developments to be fast-tracked. They will be able to bypass a suite of existing environmental laws (like the Resource Management Conservation and the Wildlife Acts) and public consultation processes.

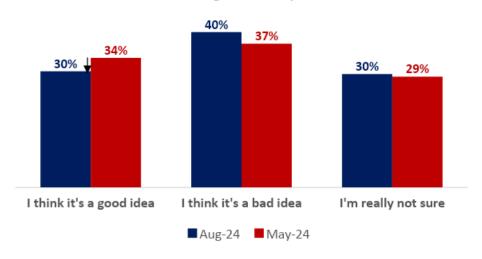
Proponents argue that this will make it easier to consent new infrastructure and other developments. Opponents argue that the bill removes critical environmental protections and local communities' right to have a say on developments.

There has been some change in opinion on the Fast-track Approvals Bill.

- 40% (1,562,000 adults) think it is a bad idea, up from 37% in May
- 30% (1,167,000 adults) think the Fast-track Approvals Bill is a good idea, a significant drop from 34% in May
- **30%** (1,140,000 adults) were not sure.



# Had you heard about the Fast-Track Approvals Bill before taking this survey?



Total sample May 2024 n=1,060; August 2024 n=1,079

↑↓ Significant change from May 2024.

The table below details differences across groups who think the Bill is a good or bad idea or who are not sure.

l think it's a good idea 30%				I'm really not sure 30%		
75+ year olds	46%	55-64 year olds	55%	Under	40%	
Males	44%	Females	46%	35 year olds		
Personal income	63%	Household		Females	35%	
more than \$150k		income	46%	Asian	49%	
Household income	41%	\$50k-\$150k		Pasifika	45%	
\$30k-\$50k		Living in		Living in		
Household income	44%	Wellington	57%	Otago	45%	
more than \$150k				_		



**62**% of ACT, **54**% of National voters think it is a *good idea*. **36**% of New Zealand First voters think it is a good idea, a significant drop from **55**% in May. More New Zealand First voters (**43**%) think the bill is a bad idea than a good idea (**36**%).

		PARTY VOTE 2023							
Generally, what do you think about the Fast-track Approvals Bill?	ALL	ACT New Zealan d	Green Party	Labour Party	Nationa I Party	New Zealan d First	Te Pāti Māori		
I think it's a good idea	30%	62%	8%	16%	54%	36%	19%		
I think it's a bad idea	40%	16%	81%	62%	18%	43%	51%		
I'm really not sure	30%	22%	11%	23%	29%	21%	30%		
N (unweighted)	1,07 9	91	151	259	348	54	34		

BLUE = significantly higher than total sample RED = significantly lower than total sample



#### Concern about aspects of the Fast-track Approvals Bill

Respondents were asked whether they were concerned or not about a list of six aspects of the Fast-track Approvals Bill.

The biggest concern was that *activities that are currently prohibited (like dumping raw sewage into the ocean) could be allowed* – **80**% were very concerned/concerned (3,100,000 adults). Of these **55**% (2,110,000 adults) were very concerned.

The second biggest concern for **70%** (2,694,000 adults) was that members of the public will not have the right to have a say on fast-tracked developments proposed for their community.

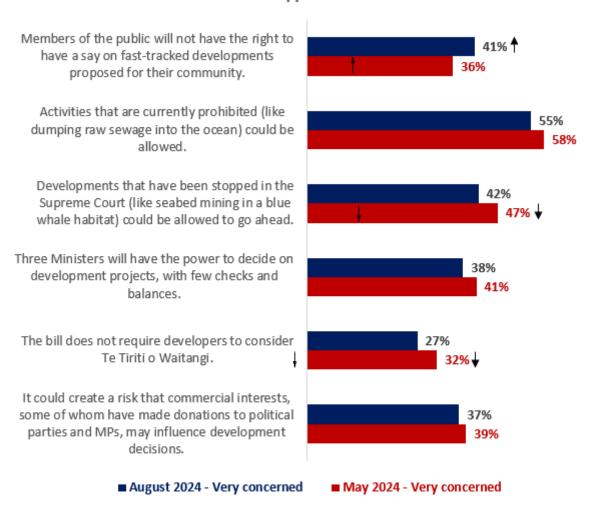
• 41% (1,581,000 adults) were very concerned. A significant increase from 36% in May.

**48**% (1,836,000 adults) were concerned the bill does not require developers to consider Te Tiriti o Waitangi.

• 27% (1,040,000 adults) were very concerned. A significant drop from 32% in May.



#### Are you concerned or not concerned about these aspects of the Fasttrack Approvals Bill?



Total sample

↑↓ Significant change from May 2024.



The table below details groups which are significantly more likely to be concerned or not concerned about different aspects of the Fast-track Approvals Bill.

Concern about aspects of the Fast-track Approvals Bill	Significantly more likely to be concerned ▲		Significantly more likely to <u>not</u> be concerned ▲			
	Females	76%	Males	32%		
Members of the public will	Household income \$50k- \$150k	76%	Personal income more than \$150k	43%		
not have the right to have a	Māori	77%	Household income more than \$150k	34%		
say on fast-tracked	Living in Wellington	79%	ACT voters	50%		
developments proposed for	Green Party voters	93%	National voters	36%		
their community.	Labour Party voters	84%				
	Te Pāti Māori voters	86%				
	55+ year olds	86%	18-24 year olds	23%		
Activities that are currently	Females	84%	Males	20%		
•	Personal income \$30k-\$50k	87%	Personal income more than \$150k	36%		
prohibited (like dumping	Household income \$50k-\$150k	85%	Household income more than \$150k	23%		
raw sewage into the ocean) could be allowed.	Living in Wellington	89%	ACT voters	29%		
could be allowed.	Green Party voters	93%				
	Labour Party voters	88%				
	Females	77%	18-24 year olds	34%		
Developments that have	Household income \$50k-\$150k	73%	65-74 year olds	33%		
been stopped in the	Māori	75%	Males	37%		
Supreme Court (like seabed	Pasifika	81%	Personal income more than \$150k	45%		
mining in a blue whale	Living in Wellington	75%	Household income \$30k-\$50k	33%		
habitat) could be allowed	Green Party voters	94%	Household income more than \$150k	33%		
to go ahead.	Labour Party voters	88%	ACT voters	51%		
			National voters	39%		
Three Ministers will have	Females	75%	75+ year olds	35%		
	Māori	80%	Males	36%		
the power to decide on	Pasifika	83%	Personal income more than \$150k	55%		



development projects, with	Living in Wellington	81%	Household income more than \$150k	36%
few checks and balances.	Green Party voters	92%	ACT voters	50%
	Labour Party voters	86%	National voters	44%
	Under 35 year olds	58%	55+ year olds	58%
	35-44 year olds	57%	Males	55%
	Females	55%	Personal income \$50k-\$150k	53%
The bill does not require	Personal income Less than \$20k	61%	Personal income more than \$150k	73%
•	Māori	74%	Household income more than \$150k	59%
developers to consider Te	Pasifika	77%	NZ European/Pākehā	50%
Tiriti o Waitangi.	Living in Wellington	58%	Living in Bay of Plenty	58%
	Green Party voters	84%	ACT voters	83%
	Labour Party voters	70%	National voters	74%
	Te Pāti Māori voters	78%	New Zealand First voters	63%
Concern about aspects of				
the Fast-track Approvals	Significantly more likely to be concerned	ed ▲	Significantly more likely to not be concerned A	L.
Bill				
It could create a risk that	Females	72%	18-24 year olds	34%
commercial interests, some	Household income \$50k- \$150k	72%	Males	33%
of whom have made	Pasifika	78%	Personal income more than \$150k	42%
donations to political	Living in Wellington	74%	ACT voters	46%
parties and MPs, may	Green Party voters	93%	National voters	38%
influence development	Labour Party voters	81%		
decisions.	Te Pāti Māori voters	88%		



#### 2. Seabed mining in South Taranaki Bight

Respondents were shown the following information:

One of the projects that has applied for fast-tracking is seabed mining in the South Taranaki Bight.

The image below indicates where the Bight is and does not indicate the exact area for proposed seabed mining.

Seabed mining seeks to extract minerals and metals from the seafloor. It is not yet happening at full scale anywhere in the world. Some people, including scientists are concerned it will have negative impacts on the ocean and marine wildlife.

Other people argue it is appropriate to mine the seabed for economic development.

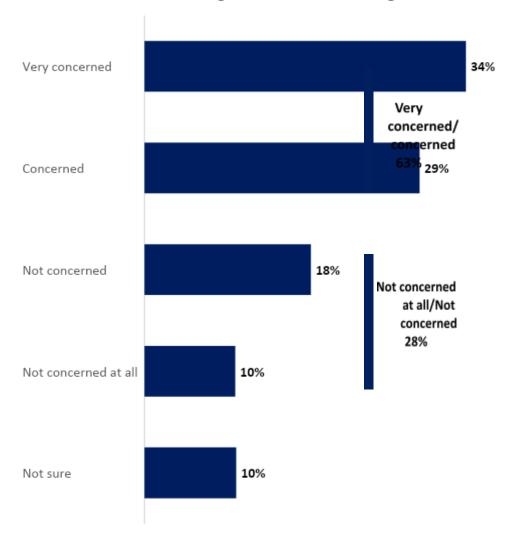


**63%** (2,439,000 adults) said they were concerned about the possibility of seabed mining in the South Taranaki Bight.

• **34%** (1,314,000 adults) were very concerned.



# Are you concerned or not concerned about the possibility of seabed mining in the South Taranaki Bight?



Total sample August 2024 n=1,072



There are few differences across demographic groups who are more likely to be *very concerned/concerned* about seabed mining in South Taranaki Bight. These groups are:

- Females **70%**
- Personal income less than \$20k 64%
- Māori 80%.

The groups who more likely to be *not concerned* at *all/not concerned* are:

- 55+ year olds **35%**
- Males **37%**
- Personal income more than \$150k 53%
- Household income more than \$150k 38%.

**62**% of ACT, **50**% of National are not *concerned* about the possibility of seabed mining in the South Taranaki Bight. **30**% of ACT, **38**% of National and **60**% of New Zealand First voters are concerned.

		PARTY VOTE 2023							
Are you concerned or not concerned about the possibility of seabed mining in the South Taranaki Bight?	ALL	ACT New Zealand	Green Party	Labour Party	Natio nal Party	New Zealand First	Te Pāti Māori		
Very concerned	34%	14%	63%	56%	13%	28%	64%		
Concerned	29%	16%	32%	30%	26%	32%	21%		
Not concerned	18%	25%	2%	7%	33%	20%	13%		
Not concerned at all	10%	36%	2%	2%	16%	9%	0%		
Not sure	10%	8%	2%	6%	12%	12%	2%		
Very concerned/Concerned	63%	30%	95%	85%	38%	60%	85%		
Not concerned at all/Not concerned	27%	62%	4%	9%	50%	29%	13%		
N (unweighted)	1,072	91	151	257	344	53	34		

BLUE = significantly higher than total sample RED = significantly lower than total sample



### Appendix – Sample

These results are from a Horizon Research survey conducted between 9<sup>th</sup> and 14<sup>th</sup> August 2024. The total sample size was 1,080 adults, 18 years of age and over.

The maximum margin of error is ±3% (at the 95% confidence level).

The data was weighted on age, ethnicity, personal income, region and party vote 2023.

Demographic tables results accompany this report.

#### Contact

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