GREENPEACE CANADA
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2018



# **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# **DECEMBER 31, 2018**

# INDEX

Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Balance Sheet	3
Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets	4
Statement of Cash Flows	5
Notes to Financial Statements	6-10





April 27, 2019

#### Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Greenpeace Canada

### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Greenpeace Canada, which comprise the balance sheet as at December 31, 2018 and the statements of operations and changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Greenpeace Canada as at December 31, 2018, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities.

# Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Greenpeace Canada in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing Greenpeace Canada's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate Greenpeace Canada or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing Greenpeace Canada's financial reporting process.

Greenpeace Canada April 27, 2019 Page 2

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
  sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
  resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
  intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  Greenpeace Canada's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based
  on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may
  cast significant doubt on Greenpeace Canada's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a
  material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures
  in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are
  based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or
  conditions may cause Greenpeace Canada to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Toronto, Ontario



		December 31	
	Notes	2018	2017
ASSETS			
Current assets Cash and marketable securities Accounts receivable	2	\$ 1,411,779 172,652	\$ 2,531,179 4,984
Receivable from other Greenpeace organizations Prepaid expenses	3	837 37,858	103,087
Total current assets		1,623,126	2,639,250
Fixed assets	4	20,598	14,771
Total assets		\$ 1,643,724	\$ 2,654,021
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Payroll and government remittance payable Payable to Stichting Greenpeace Council	5	\$ 178,001 - 48,180	\$ 509,536 954 72,652
Unexpended campaign funds Loan payable to Stichting	6	19,860	63,195
Greenpeace Council	7	-	248,819
Total current liabilities		246,041	895,156
Net assets			
Invested in fixed assets Unrestricted net assets		20,968 1,376,715	14,771 1,744,094
Total net assets		1,397,683	1,758,865
Total liabilities and net assets		\$ 1,643,724	\$ 2,654,021

See accompanying notes

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors of Greenpeace Canada

Brigio Rewan, Co-Chair

Frank Blong, Treasurer



# STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Page 4

REVENUE           Donor contributions         \$ 8,361,461         \$ 8,017,321           Bequests         820,089         291,542           Restricted grants from Stichting Greenpeace Council         1,354,833         1,811,555           Unrestricted grants from Stichting Greenpeace Council         868,000         621,909           Campaign grants         6         834,392         581,534           Investment income         31,502         35,687           Total revenue         12,270,277         11,359,548           EXPENSES           Campaign expenses           Oceans         364,788         215,988           Forests         1,873,866         1,556,411           Polar         208,786         491,292           Climate and energy         1,528,567         1,697,199           Contributions to international campaigns         2,705,201         2,688,000           Support services to Stichting Greenpeace Council         1,121,085         1,019,117           Public outreach and education         1,455,813         1,115,641           Total campaign expenses         9,258,106         8,783,648           Finance and operations         596,547         659,071           Fundrai		Note	Year ended December 31 2018 2017	
EXPENSES  Campaign expenses Oceans Forests Forests Polar Contributions to international campaigns Support services to Stichting Greenpeace Council Public outreach and education  Total campaign expenses  Finance and operations Finance and operations Fundraising costs  Total expenses  EXPENSES OF EXPENSES OVER REVENUE FOR THE YEAR  Safety 1,528,547  1,579,888  215,988 215,9	Donor contributions Bequests Restricted grants from Stichting Greenpeace Council Unrestricted grants from Stichting Greenpeace Counc Campaign grants		820,089 1,354,833 868,000 834,392	291,542 1,811,555 621,909 581,534
Campaign expenses       364,788       215,988         Forests       1,873,866       1,556,411         Polar       208,786       491,292         Climate and energy       1,528,567       1,697,199         Contributions to international campaigns       2,705,201       2,688,000         Support services to Stichting Greenpeace Council       1,121,085       1,019,117         Public outreach and education       1,455,813       1,115,641         Total campaign expenses       9,258,106       8,783,648         Finance and operations       596,547       659,071         Fundraising costs       2,776,806       2,118,130         Total expenses       12,631,459       11,560,849         EXCESS OF EXPENSES OVER REVENUE FOR THE YEAR       (361,182)       (201,301)	Total revenue		12,270,277	11,359,548
EXCESS OF EXPENSES OVER REVENUE FOR THE YEAR (361,182) (201,301)	Campaign expenses Oceans Forests Polar Climate and energy Contributions to international campaigns Support services to Stichting Greenpeace Council Public outreach and education  Total campaign expenses  Finance and operations		1,873,866 208,786 1,528,567 2,705,201 1,121,085 1,455,813 9,258,106	1,556,411 491,292 1,697,199 2,688,000 1,019,117 1,115,641 8,783,648
	Total expenses		12,631,459	11,560,849
		AR		
<b>NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR</b> \$ 1,397,683 \$ 1,758,865	NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR		\$ 1,397,683	\$ 1,758,865

See accompanying notes



# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Page 5

	Year ended 2018	December 31 2017
CASH PROVIDED FROM (USED IN) OPERATIONS Excess of expenses over revenue for the year	\$ (361,182)	\$ (201,301)
Depreciation (non-cash item)	17,371	24,711
	(343,811)	(176,590)
Changes in working capital items:  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable (Increase) decreases in receivable from other Greenpeace organizations Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in payroll and government remittances payable Increase (decrease) in payable to Stichting Greenpeace Council Increase (decrease) in unexpended campaign funds  Net cash used in operations  CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of fixed assets	(167,668) (837) 65,229 (331,535) (954) (24,472) (43,335) (847,383) (23,198)	3,450 - (71,249) 6,996 256 35,731 (108,949) (310,355)
CASH PROVIDED FOR FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Repayment of loan payable to Stichting Greenpeace Council	(248,819)	(442,304)
NET CASH ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR	(1,119,400)	(768,214)
Cash and marketable securities, beginning of year	2,531,179	3,299,393
CASH AND MARKETABLE SECURITIES, END OF YEAR	\$1,411,779	\$ 2,531,179
Composed of the following: Cash Term deposits less than one year Term deposits greater than one year Marketable securities	\$ 987,389 421,107 - 3,283 \$1,411,779	\$ 431,538 1,793,861 302,369 3,411 \$ 2,531,179

See accompanying notes



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Page 6

Greenpeace Canada, which was incorporated under the Canada Corporation Act by letters patent without share capital on May 3, 1989 and continued under the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act effective July 24, 2014, is an independent, campaigning organization that uses non-violent, creative confrontation to expose global environmental problems, and to force solutions that are essential to a green and peaceful future.

Greenpeace Canada works closely with Stichting Greenpeace Council and other Greenpeace organizations worldwide. Greenpeace Canada makes contributions to Greenpeace's international campaigns and Stichting Greenpeace Council funds some campaigns undertaken by Greenpeace Canada on its behalf each year.

Greenpeace Canada is exempt from income tax as a not-for-profit organization under Section 149 (1) (I) of the Income Tax Act (Canada).

Greenpeace Canada's principal place of business is 33 Cecil Street, Toronto, Ontario.

#### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

#### Basis of presentation

These financial statements have been prepared using the standards of International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities (IFRS-SMEs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. The financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars.

Outlined below are those policies considered particularly significant.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are recorded at cost plus accrued interest and include all term deposits regardless of term as these term deposits are viewed as highly liquid.

## Financial instruments

Financial instruments are measured at cost, except for marketable securities which are carried at market value. Changes in market value during the year are recorded in the statement of operations.

#### Fixed assets

Fixed assets are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method at rates calculated to write-off the assets over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Computer equipment 33% Furniture and equipment 33% Action equipment 33%

Vehicles over 5 years from the model year Leasehold improvements over the remaining term of the lease

Fully-depreciated assets with no further useful life are written-off.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Page 7

## 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

## Revenue recognition

Donor contributions, including bequests, are recorded when funds are received.

Contributions from Stichting Greenpeace Council are recognized when earned.

Funding received for specific campaigns is recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Funding received that relates to future periods is deferred as unexpended campaign funds, and recognized as revenue in the period the expense is incurred.

Investment income includes realized income as well as changes in market value during the year.

#### Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Operations as incurred.

#### Expenses recognition and allocation

Expenses are recorded when goods or services are received.

In the accompanying statement of operations and changes in net assets, costs for various campaigns and other activities have been summarized by management on a functional basis. Costs that cannot be identified with a particular campaign, and that benefit more than one campaign category, have been allocated proportionately on the basis of direct costs.

Fundraising costs include expenses for fundraising coordination, donor database and processing fees and donor canvassing, education and marketing. Public outreach and education represent thirty percent of these costs and are allocated as such.

### Contributed services

Volunteers contribute many hours per year to assist the organization in carrying out its activities. Because of the difficulty in determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in these financial statements.

#### Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies have been translated into Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing at year end. Revenue and expense items are translated at the daily exchange rate.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could vary from these estimates. Variances from the estimate are adjusted, if necessary, and they are reported in the period in which they become known.



#### 2. Banking arrangements

Greenpeace Canada has arranged a demand operating credit facility to a maximum of \$275,000, which is secured by a general security agreement on all property belonging to the organization, bears interest at prime plus 1.5% per annum, and is repayable monthly.

The bank line of credit at year-end was \$nil (2017 - \$nil) as the organization did not draw on the facility during the year.

Greenpeace Canada also has \$110,000 (2017 - \$122,000) of credit available through its corporate credit cards.

# 3. Receivable from other Greenpeace organizations

This amount is unsecured, non-interest bearing and receivable during the 2019 fiscal year.

#### 4. Fixed assets

Cost	omputer uipment	Furniture and quipment	Total
Balance, beginning of year Additions Write-off of cost of fully-depreciated assets	\$ 83,646 17,649 (9,308)	\$ 13,052 5,549 -	\$ 96,698 23,198 (9,308)
Balance, end of year	\$ 91,987	\$ 18,601	\$ 110,588
Accumulated depreciation			
Balance, beginning of year Depreciation Write-off of accumulated depreciation on fully-depreciated assets	\$ 70,447 14,735 (9,308)	\$ 11,480 2,636	\$ 81,927 17,371 (9,308)
Balance, end of year	\$ 75,874	\$ 14,116	\$ 89,990
Net book value			
2018	\$ 16,113	\$ 4,485	\$ 20,598
2017	\$ 13,199	\$ 1,572	\$ 14,771



### 5. Payable to Stichting Greenpeace Council

This amount is unsecured, non-interest bearing liability and repayable during the 2019 fiscal year.

# 6. Unexpended campaign funds

	Balance beginning of year	Funds received during year	Funds recognized during year	Balance end of year
Campaign support Climate and energy Forest 50 <sup>th</sup> anniversary gift	\$ 29,259 - 33,936 -	\$ - 462,000 319,057 10,000	\$ 16,039 462,000 352,993 3,360	\$ 13,220 - - - 6,640
	\$ 63,195	\$ 791,057	\$ 834,392	\$ 19,860
7. Loan payable to Stichting Greenpea	ce Council		2018	2017
Loan payable, bearing interest at 0.30 Interest and principal instalment of \$2 with the balance due on April 30, 201	246,904 on April 30	, 2017	\$ -	\$ 247,434
Accrued interest payable			-	1,385
			\$ -	\$ 248,819

### 8. Contingent liabilities

One corporation has commenced proceedings against Greenpeace Canada and two of its staff seeking \$7 million in damages. Neither the possible outcome nor the amount of possible settlement from these proceedings can be foreseen. No provision for them has been made in the financial statements.

# 9. Lease commitments

Greenpeace Canada is committed to lease office and storage space in six Canadian cities, under leases expiring from August 31, 2019 to May 31, 2028. The lease commitments, including estimates for realty taxes, utilities, common operating costs and annual cost escalation increases, are as follows:

2019	\$ 356,007
2020	250,560
2021	252,833
2022	199,493
2023	203,483
Thereafter	 947,225
	\$ 2,209,601



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Page 10

# 10. Related party transactions

During the year, the total remuneration for the members of the senior management (Directors Council) whilst they held one of these four positions was \$501,762 (2017 - \$453,226). Total remuneration for the most senior position was \$116,908 (2017 - \$111,704).

No remuneration was paid to any of the directors in 2018 and 2017.

#### 11. Financial instruments

Greenpeace Canada is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks relating to its financial instruments.

#### 12. Approval of financial statements

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue on April 27, 2019.

